

IMPROVING THE METHODS OF SAFE INTEGRATIVE WORK OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN LABOR ACTIVITIES

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Annotation: This article will cover the labor activity of military personnel, issues of labor protection and the system of improving methods of safe integrative work. Methods, tools and principles of safe integrative work of military personnel in labor activities are also studied.

Keywords: labor activity, methods of integrative work, working capacity, technological processes, labor criteria, regulations, standards.

The main task of the labor security of military personnel is to eliminate the causes of injuries and other misfortunes that occur in production and maintain control over the improvement of working conditions of the organization's administration to employees, constantly improving the labor security and protective equipment of military personnel based on the introduction of scientific and technical achievements, increasing the labor culture of, it consists in the development and implementation of organizational and technical and sanitary measures aimed at preventing misfortunes.

In the labor activity of military personnel, it is the principles and methods that play a heuristic and methodological role in the structure of the general theory of security. Principles are ideas, thoughts, general concepts and general rules. Style is general. The path that comes from the rules and leads to the goal is a way to achieve the goal. The principles of security are different, which can be divided into groups such as orienteering, technical, organizational, management. Orienteering principles include military activity, humanitarian activity, operator exchange, classification, risk elimination, systematization, risk reduction, among others.

Examples of technical principles are blocking, vacuuming, hermetizing, remote protection, pressure protection, stuttering, use of empty (weak) zone, shielding.

Organizational principles are divided into such types as time protection, information, use of stock, non-coordination, normalization, Personnel Selection, sequence setting, ergonomic.



Management principles can consist of adequacy, control, reverse bonding, accountability, planning, incentives, management, efficiency. Let's get acquainted with some of the principles below with the meaning: the principles of normalization – in order to protect a person from various risks, it means to establish the permissible amounts of dangerous and harmful factors on the basis of the standard. For example, REM (PDK), lifting load norm in qo1, working time norm, etc.

Empty (weak) zveno principles. In order to ensure the safe operation of the technical system, a weak element is installed on it, that is, after the specified indicator exceeds the norm, the weak element First fails and the technical system breaks down, the process stops and, as a result, the risk is eliminated. Examples of these include storage valves, power holders, and couplings.

The principles of providing information. It is based on providing guidance, guidance, to the worker to ensure safety during the working period. This includes course readings, passing instructions, security signs, warning notes, etc. In the principles of classification, it is understood to divide objects into classes or categories, depending on the degree of danger. For example, sanitary - protective zones (classified into 5 classes), categories of production buildings by explosion-combustion hazard (a,V,V,G,D, Y), fire zones, etc.

Methods of ensuring safety. Before studying safety techniques, we give an insight into phrases such as military personnel working zone and danger zone. During the labor process, the place where the worker stands or moves, the working zone – is referred to as the homosphere. The zone where constant or periodic risk occurs is referred to as the noxosphere. The methods of security leave during the labor process can be divided into the following 3 types:

1. A style based on the spatial and (or) temporal separation of the homosphere and the noxosphere. This is done, mainly through distance management, automation, robotization and other organizational activities.
2. Method of normalization of the noxosphere by eliminating danger. This includes a set of activities aimed at protecting a person from the effects of noise, gases, dust, and collective protective equipment.
3. A set of methods and tools aimed at increasing the level of protection of military personnel in a given environment. This technique is achieved through training of



military personnel in security techniques, the use of, psychological exposure and other similar activities.

The means of ensuring the safety of military personnel is the embodiment of material in constructive, organizational moisture in the implementation of the principles and methods of security. Principles, style and tool are a logical stage that provides security. Their choice will depend on the specific conditions of the activity, the level of risk, economic indicators and several similar criteria. Security providers are divided into collective protective equipment and personal protective equipment In place, protective equipment and personal protective are also divided into several groups depending on the nature of the risk, the order of implementation, the area of use, and similar indicators.

In place of the conclusion, it is worth noting that the study of the security tools, safety principles and methods of military personnel contributes to the creation of a safe integrative system of labor activity.

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