Hosted online from Moscow, Russia

Date: 11th November, 2022

ISSN: XXXX-XXXX Website: econferenceseries.com

REFECTION ON GAMING IN TEACHING

Арипова Елена Азизовна

глава курса Доуниверситетской подготовки, преподаватель английского языка, Международный Вестминстерский Университет в Ташкенте

E-mail: earipova@wiut.uz

Аннотация: В статье обсуждаются причины необходимости применения игр в преподавании английского языка. Это исследование носит описательный характеры, его результаты предлагают некоторые практические решения, которые могут быть применены.

Keywords: Online learning, games, interactive approaches, reflection.

Abstract: The article discusses the reasons for the use of games in teaching English. This research has a descriptive nature; its results provide practical results that can be applied in teaching.

Онлайн-обучение, Ключевые слова: игры, интерактивные подходы, рефлексия.

Introduction

Gaming is a kind of play in which participants follow preset rules. According to (Houghton, 2013), educational games are used to assist in teaching and learning. Games may be used as a supplement to enrich the learning experience for students and to teach extra abilities, such as rule adherence, adaptability, problem-solving, interaction, critical thinking, creativity, and teamwork. Learning should not be tedious, and it should not consist only of knowledge memorization and exam preparation. Teachers may benefit from the creativity and vibrancy that technologyenhanced learning provides in order to increase student accomplishment.

Instructional institutions, schools, and families all utilize and implement a range of educational game types. The fundamental objective of employing games in the classroom is to assist students in developing their critical thinking skills while learning a certain topic by encouraging them to think creatively while keeping to the rules. Other games are available that are limited to boosting knowledge in a certain field, with math games being the most popular. According to (Yue, & Zin, 2009),





Proceedings of International Scientific Conference on Multidisciplinary Studies

Hosted online from Moscow, Russia

Date: 11th November, 2022

ISSN: XXXX-XXXX Website: econferenceseries.com

despite the fact that games such as chess assist players acquire reasoning skills and other attributes required in education, they cannot be considered educational since they do not transmit content or communicate curriculum information. Instructional games include curriculum-related material or other instructional games.

There is a wide range of perspectives among educators on the job they undertake. While some of them are pleased with what they do, others are dissatisfied. Since Martin (1999) says that many academics are more likely to be under the strain of obstacles they confront in teaching and job, and since this profession is often underestimated, the pressure that many academics are likely to be under may be found here. Having said that, I consider teaching to be a difficult career that presents a challenge to grow and become more professional. I never considered becoming a teacher to be a hardship. I am now working as an English instructor for the preuniversity programme. Reading is an essential part of the educational process. Despite this, it seems to be the least interesting part of the learning process. I made an effort to instruct students on how to use reading methods, namely skimming, but I was not successful in doing so since the students already had difficulties with comprehending the text's primary themes. According to Biggs (2003), I was only able to direct the attention of the pupils toward individual facts and things that were addressed separately from one another. This is a feature of a surface approach to teaching and learning, and that is what I did. After working at the university for a number of years, I evaluated the methods I used to teach and the results the students had achieved. When I asked my students whether they were able to use those tactics after being supplied with some coaching, they all gave the same answer, which was that they were unable to differentiate the primary concept of a paragraph and that the task was dull. As a result, I came to the conclusion that it was my responsibility since I had failed to effectively introduce activities that focused on the students. Inadvertently, I began to implement aspects of the student-centered method of instruction, such as working in pairs or groups, summarizing the most important topics, and assigning group tasks. The students were supposed to use what they learned from these exercises to analyze, evaluate, and apply the material.

Background

Teaching is a very involved and complex activity that makes use of a wide variety of strategies and strategies. I've been using a variety of strategies in an effort to pique the interest of my pupils as much as is humanly feasible. The most difficult aspect of teaching reading methods has been getting students excited about reading. In this



Proceedings of International Scientific Conference on Multidisciplinary Studies

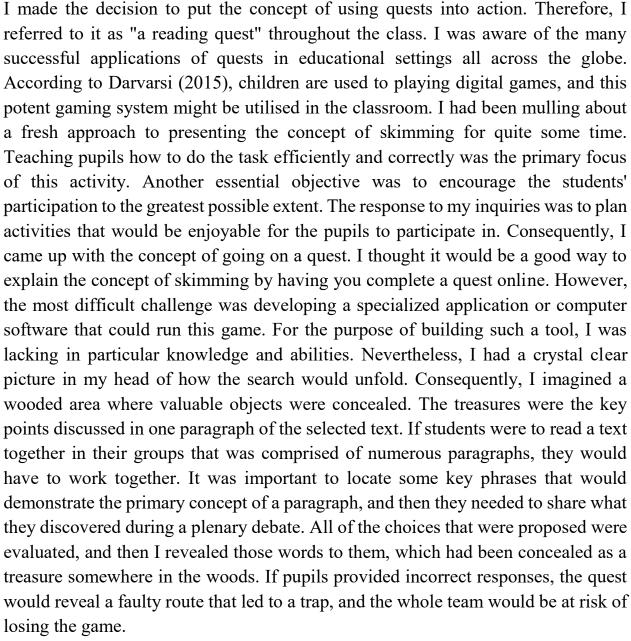
Hosted online from Moscow, Russia

Date: 11th November, 2022

Website: econferenceseries.com ISSN: XXXX-XXXX

piece, I will discuss my experiences as a teacher with a one-of-a-kind tool that I developed and utilized with my pupils.

Examples



I have used this quest on multiple occasions, and each time, I have gotten the following results: First of all, students worked in groups to complete this quest. As a result, not only did they improve their speaking skills, but they also improved their ability to collaborate with others and solve problems. Second, students improved their reading abilities because they were interested in using skimming tactics to



Proceedings of International Scientific Conference on Multidisciplinary Studies

Hosted online from Moscow, Russia

Date: 11th November, 2022

ISSN: XXXX-XXXX Website: econferenceseries.com



obtain answers as rapidly as possible. This led to an increase in the amount of time they spent reading. Students were engaged in a healthy amount of competition with one another while playing this quest, and they were very motivated to succeed. As a result, the responses provided by the pupils were mainly accurate.

Conclusions

Nevertheless, this strategy needs a significant amount of work. It is essential to choose certain reading materials that will include short paragraphs and terminology that is already known to the reader. In addition, the software requires that I choose certain terms to hide and then put those words into the program. In addition, it needs a significant amount of focus when playing due to the fact that there are many potential solutions, which might lead to some arguments.

Skimming can be used in a variety of reading activities to assist students with skimming, as the observation shows the applied method of introducing skimming can be used, but for students to be able to play this it definitely requires a great deal of preparation on the part of teachers and a number of challenges.

References

- 1. Biggs, J., (2003). Teaching for quality learning at University. 2nd ed. The society for research into Higher Education
- 2. Houghton, E., Aston, H., Featherstone, G., Perrotta, C., Houghton, E., & Aston, H. et al. (2013). Game-based
- 3. learning: Latest evidence and future directions. Slough: NFER.: (NFER Research Programme:
- 4. Innovation in Education). Retrieved from https://www.nfer.ac.uk/publications/GAME01
- 5. Martin, E. (1999) Changing Academic Work. Buckingham: The Society for Research into Higher Education and Open University Press
- 6. Yue, W., & Zin, N. (2009). History educational games design. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).
- 7. Darvarsi, P. (2015). Pursuing Quests: How Digital Games Can Create a Learning Journey [online] Available from: https://ww2.kqed.org/mindshift/2015/12/04/pursuing-quests-how-digital-games-can-create-a-learning-journey/.

