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TECHNOLOGICAL INDICATORS OF NEW STRUCTURE TWO-LAYER KNITTED FABRICS ANALYZED

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Maqolada ikki yassi ignadonli trikotaj to'quv mashinalarining texnologik imkoniyatlaridan foydalanib ishlab chiqarilgan ikki qatlamli trikotaj to'qima na'munalarining texnologik ko'rsatkichlarini tahlil natijalari keltirilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: ikki qatlamli trikotaj, yuza zichlik, qalinlik, hajm zichlik, texnologik ko'rsatkich.

В статье использованием технологических возможностей двухфонтурных плосковязальных машин исследована результаты технологических параметров двухслойных трикотажных полотен.

Ключевые слова: двухслойный трикотаж, поверхностная плотность, толщина, объемная плотность, технологические показатели.

In the article technological capabilities of double bed flat knitting machines results of analyses of technological parameters double-layer knitted fabrics.

Key words: double-layer knitting, surface density, thickness, wolume density, technological parameteres.

Standard, experimental and calculation methods are used in the design of the main indicators of knitted fabrics [1-4].

The type and composition of the raw materials used, the structure and characteristics of the structure, as well as during the dyeing process, change their properties. This is a factor that directly affects the properties of the fabric produced from it [5,6].

In order to reduce the consumption of raw materials and expand the assortment of knitted products, 6 variants of two-layer knitted fabrics of a new structure were produced on the Long Xing type flat double-needle knitting machine.



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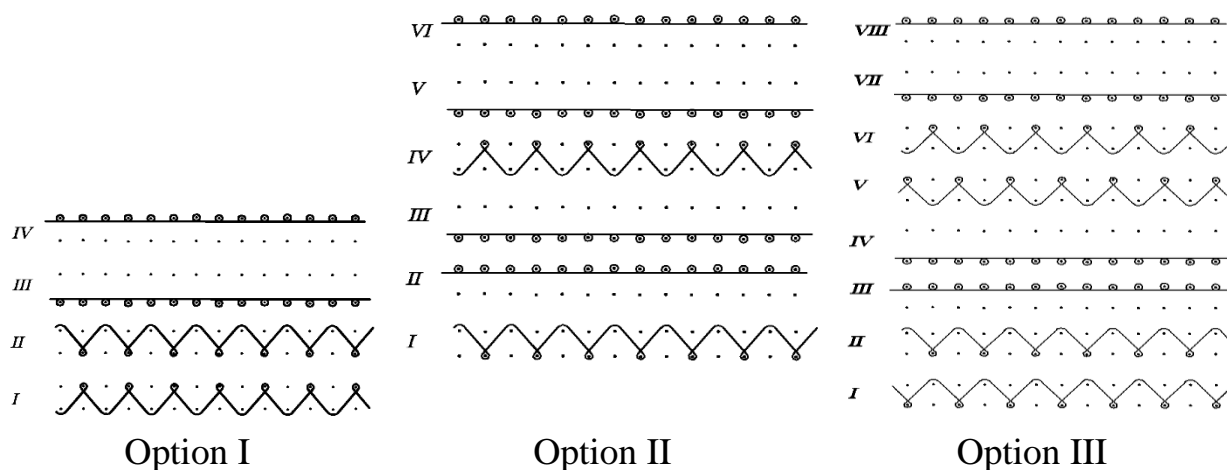
A graphical representation of the double-layer knitted fabric in the proposed new structure is shown in Figure 1.

One of the most promising directions for the creation of a new assortment of knitted fabrics is the production of mixed fabrics using different methods, using existing fabrics and their elements, using new technologies.

A common feature of two-layer knitted fabrics is that each layer of the fabric is a single-layer fabric of basic, derived, patterned or mixed. Fabric or layers are attached during knitting by means of any elements in the ring structure in such a way that the fabric of one layer can be removed and the second layer can be preserved without disturbing the ring structures.

Due to the use of different single-layer fabrics in one fabric, it is possible to eliminate the negative properties of these knitted fabrics and maintain their positive properties. In this way, for example, it is possible to reduce the deformation of the length and width of the fabric, to increase the shape retention and strength properties of the knitted fabric, to improve the appearance of the heat retention property, or to change the surface densities on both sides of the fabric.

Two-layer knitted fabric layers can be connected using a base or a weft thread, the right side and the reverse side can differ in fiber composition, linear density and color.



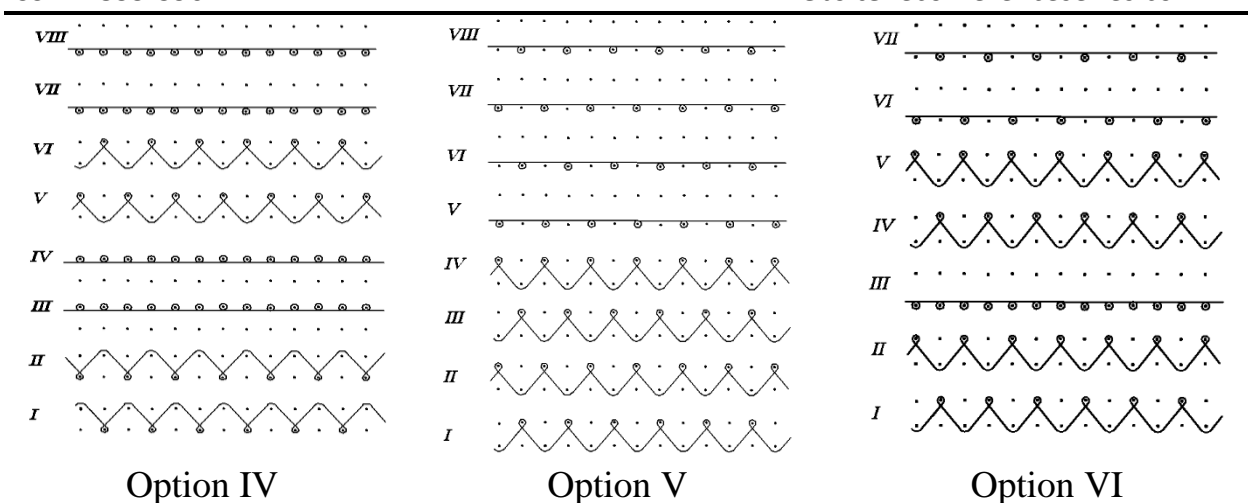


Figure 1. A graphic record of two-layer knitted fabrics in a new structure.

In the production of two-layer knitted fabrics, the quality indicators and assortment can be increased by choosing the type of fabric for each layer, the connecting elements, the order of alternating layers, the type of yarn, the linear density and color, the optimal index ratio of the layers, the location and position of the knitting needles of the knitting machine. expansion problems are partially solved.

The two-layer knitted fabrics of the new structure with the needles arranged in an interlocking order and the two-layer knitted fabric samples of the new structure with the needles arranged in the elastic order produced above are different in terms of tissue ratio, structure, the position of the mutual arrangement of the needles, technological indicators and physical-mechanical properties. It was noticed during the production process that the quality indicators of the two-layer knitted fabrics of the new structure with the needles arranged in an interlocking order are better than the quality indicators of the two-layer knitted fabrics with the needles arranged in a rubber arrangement. In order to prove their reliability, research was carried out on the technological indicators and physical-mechanical properties of two-layer knitted fabrics of a new structure with interlocking needles.

The technological indicators of the two-layer knitted fabrics of the new structure were tested in the "CentexUz" laboratory using the available test equipment in a standard way, the obtained results are presented in Table 1.

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Table 1 Technological indicators of two-layer knitted fabrics of a new structure.

Indicators		Options					
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI
Thread type and linear density, tex	Front layer	PAN 30 tex x 2, 100%					
	Back layerort						
Ring step A, mm	Front layer	1,66	1,78	2,2	1,92	1,66	1,56/1,47
	Back layerort	1,66	2,0	3,1	3,8	1,43	1,43
The height of the ring row is V, mm	Front layer	1,25	1,0	1,1	1,35	0,9	1,13/2,9
	Back layerort	1,25	1,78	2,2	1,92	1,0	1,1
The density of rings in horizontal, Rg, Ring	Front layer	30	28	23	26	30	32/34
	Back layerort	30	25	16	13	35	35
The density of rings in the vertical Rv, Ring	Front layer	40	50	46	37	55	44/17
	Back layerort	40	28	23	26	50	46
The length of the ring thread is L, mm	Front layer	4,7	5,0	5,0	5,8	6,6	6,5/5,3
	Back layerort	6,25	7,2	7,1	6,8	6,8	6,3
Surface density of knitted fabric Ms, g/m ²		367,2	309,7	308,4	240,3	373,1	447,5
The thickness T, mm		1,7	1,45	1,4	1,15	1,97	2,1
Volumetric density of knitted fabric d, mg/cm ³		216	213,6	220,3	209	189,4	213,1
Absolute volumetric density $\Delta\delta$, mg/sm ³		-	2,4	-4,3	7	26,6	2,9
Relative lightness θ , %		-	1,11	-1,9	3,2	12,3	1,3

The technological parameters of the two-layer knitted fabrics of the new structure were compared. In this case, the first option of knitted fabric was taken as the base fabric (Fig. 2). The front layer of the base fabric consists of a semi-ring (nabroska) of glad and press fabric, and the back layer is made of a simple ring of press and is connected to each other..



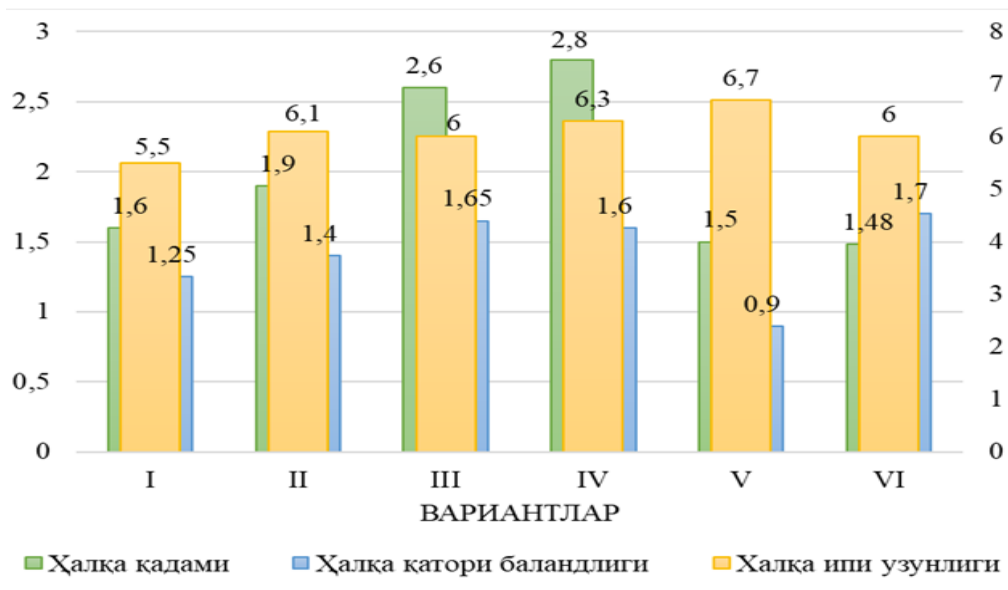


Figure 2. Histogram of the influence of the change of the ring pitch and the height of the ring row on the length of the knitting of the two-layer knitted fabric of the new structure

Therefore, the ring pitch for the front layer of the knitted fabric varied from 1.47 mm to 2.2 mm, and for the back layer from 1.43 mm to 3.8 mm. Among them, the largest ring pitch in both layers was observed in variant IV, and the smallest ring pitch was observed in variant VI. When comparing the loop row height index of the knitted fabric, the index of the front layer varied from 0.9 mm to 2.9 mm, and for the back layer from 1.0 mm to 2.2 mm. Among them, the smallest ring pitch in both layers was observed in variant V, the largest ring pitch was observed in variant VI in the front layer, and variant III in the back layer. Also, the length of the ring thread, which directly affects the raw material consumption, has changed from 4.7 mm to 6.6 mm in the front layer, and from 6.25 mm to 7.2 mm in the back layer. Therefore, due to the change of the fabric structure and the use of glad, press and derivative knitting loops, the loop pitch, loop row height and loop yarn length also changed (Fig. 2).

After researching the technological parameters of the two-layer knitted fabric samples produced in the new structure, it is possible to come to the conclusion that the change in the ratio and structure of the fabric due to the interlocking arrangement of the needles of the flat-needle knitting machine during the production of the knitted fabric has been found to affect its technological parameters. As a result, it was found that the parameters of raw material consumption of two-layer knitted fabrics of the

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new structure IV and V in comparison to the base fabric are lower among fabric samples..

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