

LAW ENFORCEMENT INDUSTRY PREVENTION MANAGER LEGAL PROVISION OF IMPROVEMENT INCREASING THE EFFICIENCY OF THE BARGAIN

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Annotation

In the article, based on the analysis of the reforms carried out in the field of justice and law, particularly in the system of internal affairs bodies, and the analysis of its results, the need to improve the legal regulation of management and its main directions and measures in the field of crime prevention, which is recognized as the priority direction of the public safety system in our country today - the comments are detailed.

Keywords: Crime prevention, management, legal provision, legal mechanism, new procedures and rules, new forms and methods, information and communication technologies, interdepartmental cooperation, integrated legal system, juvenile, social preventive measures.

Introduction

The following conclusions and rules were established in the initial legal documents adopted in accordance with the action strategy: the priority of crime prevention, its implementation is considered an important task of all state bodies, and internal affairs bodies have a special role in ensuring it:

first of all the work forms and methods of the state bodies implementing the prevention of offenses do not fully meet their current requirements, primarily due to the insufficient use of information and communication technologies;

secondly, state agencies in most cases consider crime prevention as the duty of law enforcement bodies only, and as a result, do not pay due attention to this activity;

thirdly, the fact that the measures for the prevention of offenses and the fight against crime are not directed to a specific destination and are not comprehensively focused on them, as well as the fact that the effectiveness of the development of

measures to determine the reasons and conditions for the systematic commission of offenses and their elimination does not produce the expected results;

fourthly, insufficient initiative of competent bodies, lack of appropriate level of inter-departmental cooperation, disproportionality of implemented measures require radical improvement of activities in the field of crime prevention and combating crime; [1]

fifthly, establishing stability, peace and tranquility in the society, ensuring unconditional observance of human rights and freedoms is an important condition for achieving the goals set by the large-scale reforms implemented to further develop the country from a socio-economic point of view, increase the well-being of the population, and build a legal democratic state;

sixthly, In order to protect the rights, freedoms and legal interests of citizens, to maintain public order, to ensure the safety of individuals, society and the state, to prevent and prevent crimes, a comprehensive legal system has been created in the republic, in which internal affairs bodies play an important role.[2]

Based on the above rules and conclusions, in the implementation of the goals and tasks set in the Action Strategy in Uzbekistan, early prevention of violations in the country, the activity of all forces and means of society in this field, peace and tranquility in the country, security of the individual, society and the state, human rights, freedoms and legal interests Systematic and comprehensive measures aimed at ensuring protection against all kinds of threats and dangers are being implemented.

Literature analysis and methodology

The analysis shows that only timely and complete legal regulation of relations in the public administration system, including public safety, especially in the field of crime prevention, which is its priority, will bring effective results. That is why the reforms carried out in the field of judicial law, especially in the field of crime prevention, in accordance with the Strategy of Actions, focused on the creation and implementation of organizational and legal mechanisms aimed at ensuring the full implementation of existing laws. Today, the activity content of law enforcement agencies has completely changed. According to President Shavkat Mirziyev, "A completely new system of crime prevention and crime fighting has been created. It has become the most urgent task not only to fight with the consequences of

violations by threatening punishment, but also to prevent the commission of illegal actions at an early stage". [3]

During the past period, complex measures for crime prevention were implemented in our republic, and not only law enforcement agencies, but also all layers of society, in particular, state bodies, public organizations, and even ordinary citizens, directed their efforts to crime prevention. More firmly guaranteeing the provision of human rights, freedom, honor, dignity and other inviolable rights, which were recognized as the highest value in Uzbekistan during the years of independence; ensuring peace and tranquility, public order and security, stable development in the country; defining and strengthening the legal status of internal affairs bodies; in their activities, openness and transparency, the reception and training of personnel capable of fulfilling the service obligations of the internal affairs body in any situation, the introduction of new modern technologies in the field and the further modernization of management, ensuring their effective cooperation with other state bodies and civil society institutions; The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Internal Affairs Bodies" on September 16, 2016 as a logical continuation of the reforms implemented in the judicial system in order to ensure strict compliance with the rules of etiquette, service discipline and legality of the employees of the sector, their service transition, legal and social protection accepted.[4] To date, the fight against human trafficking[5], lack of control and delinquency among minors separate laws have been adopted in the areas of prevention[6], crime prevention[7], fight against corruption[8], fight against extremism[9], protection of women from oppression and violence [10]. The systems of state bodies directly operating and participating in these areas, their powers, main areas of activity, as well as mutual and civil society cooperation with institutions, methods and forms have been determined, unfortunately, the unresolved problems of creating and implementing legal mechanisms for the practical application of these legal norms prevent the effective organization of the system[11]. The normative legal documents adopted by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan are of great importance in the legal regulation of the effective implementation of these laws in the field of crime prevention, especially the organization of effective management in the field, in particular, the introduction of new rules and regulations, forms and methods, mechanisms into the system.

In order to create an effective system of coordination of crime prevention and fight against crime, to introduce modern organizational and legal mechanisms for preventing and eliminating violations of the law, effective prevention of crimes is carried out by state bodies, including law enforcement, local state authorities, other states organizations, as well as the priority task of economic management bodies.

In addition, republican interdepartmental commissions for combating violations and crimes that threaten and hinder human rights, freedoms, and legal interests, peace and stability, sustainable development, juvenile affairs, and combating human trafficking have been established, and the Regulations and their composition and offenses regulate their activities. the scheme of coordination of work on prevention and fight against crime was approved[1].

Twice a year by the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Minister of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Dzhokorgi Council of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, the People's Deputies of the Tashkent City and Regional Councils, quarterly as appropriate, the Minister of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, the General Department of Internal Affairs of Tashkent City and the Departments of Internal Affairs of the Regions, as well as quarterly district by district (city) councils of people's deputies The procedure for hearing the reports of the heads of (city) internal affairs departments (departments) and their deputies' reports on crime prevention issues every month was introduced[2] and it was included in the current law and strengthened[12].

Discussion and results

Reforms in the system of internal affairs bodies, first of all, in order to fundamentally improve the activity of internal affairs bodies on early prevention and prevention of crimes, the implementation of the following main directions was determined as the most important task of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan and its territorial divisions:

- a) establishing a qualitatively new procedure for the activities of republican, middle and lower levels of crime prevention units, clearly defining and delimiting their main tasks, functions and responsibilities, preventing prevention inspectors from being assigned functions that are not typical for their activities;
- b) organization of prevention work in close cooperation with the population, self-government bodies of citizens and other institutions of civil society, this work is

primarily aimed at ensuring early prevention of violations, raising legal culture in society, respect for the law and intolerance of any form of law violation. focus on absorbing the attitude;

c) to develop the system of working with minors and youths, aimed at educating them in the spirit of love for the Motherland, patriotism, respect for national and universal values, and protecting the growing generation from terrorism, religious extremism, violence and cruelty;

g) to strengthen the personal responsibility of preventive inspectors for fulfilling the duties assigned to them at the level of demand, including establishing a systematic reporting of their activities to the public, putting an end to cases of their superficial attitude to the problems of public concern;

d) introduction of effective criteria for evaluating the effectiveness of prevention inspectors, taking into account, first of all, public opinion, citizens' satisfaction with the results of their activities, and the level of cooperation with the population;

e) wide application of modern information and communication technologies in this field, increase the level of knowledge and professional training of preventive inspectors, create suitable working conditions for them, provide them with service accommodation in the area directly assigned to them, and introduce financial incentive mechanisms for the effectiveness of performing the tasks assigned to them reach. It is worth noting that these tasks are carried out by the internal affairs bodies, as well as the crime prevention units, which are the working bodies of the republican interdepartmental and regional commissions for the fight against crimes and crime, which are responsible for coordinating the activities of all subjects working in cooperation with them, as well as the base that ensures cooperation in neighborhoods. normative legal documents regulating the activity of points were developed and put into practice[13].

Studies show that as a result of the reforms implemented in the field, the focus is on increasing the efficiency of crime prevention, on the basis of a completely new approach to its organization and coordination of cooperation, in particular, on the introduction of modern mechanisms into the system's operation. It is especially important to increase the responsibility of local state authorities in the field of crime prevention, to introduce mechanisms for close cooperation with civil society institutions, citizens' self-government bodies, and to pay special attention to the



wide application of methods of motivation and stimulation to increase citizen activity in this direction. In particular:

- a) Establishment of community councils for crime prevention, development of entrepreneurship and control over work with problem families in the districts of Tashkent city under the chairmanship of the deputies of the Councils of People's Deputies, consisting of neighborhood activists, labor veterans, representatives of science, culture and art, famous athletes and other public representatives[14] ;
- b) creation of mechanisms for formation of "Fidokor eshlar" public patrol groups in each neighborhood of Tashkent city and organization and implementation of their activities[15];

v) in order to ensure the effective implementation of the established mechanisms for ensuring public safety in the country, a number of completely new procedures were established in order to coordinately mobilize the forces and means of local state authorities and public structures, as well as to increase their responsibility in the field of crime prevention and fighting crime. In particular, to the Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, governors of regions and Tashkent city, districts (cities):

- daily personal familiarization with the criminogenic situation of the relevant area during the day, paying special attention to crimes of a social and domestic nature;
- to study the causes and circumstances of the crimes committed in the relevant area, primarily social and domestic, to clarify the factors that caused illegal actions, and to take measures against the inaction of the responsible organizations and their officials;
- in order to take timely measures of influence on illegal situations and to eliminate their negative consequences, to involve bodies and institutions directly participating in the prevention of violations and to organize their cooperation, taking effective measures to establish personal control in this direction.

In addition, every month at the meetings of the district (city) councils of people's deputies, according to the end of the reporting period, on the basis of the analysis of the results of ensuring public safety, serious and extremely serious criminal cases committed in the relevant area, as well as ensuring public The procedure for critical discussion of the state of measures taken by the bodies and institutions directly involved in the prevention of crimes was implemented, with the aim of developing targeted proposals for improving safety efficiency and submitting them to the

Republican Commission for Early Prevention of Crime and Combating Crime in the Regions.

Also, in cases where the level of crimes has decreased in the attached territory, and measures for their prevention and elimination have been taken in time, up to 100 percent of the labor remuneration fund (money supply) to chairmen and activists of citizens' assemblies, prevention (senior) inspectors and their assistants at the same time. (regardless of the established and paid additional fees and bonuses) and other monetary awards were introduced[16].

Today, we are building a new state of Uzbekistan, a free civil society, based on populist and democratic principles. For this purpose, we are giving priority to strengthening peace and stability, which is our priceless asset, as the most important task. Today, in the world and in our region, in a situation where tensions, various threats and dangers are increasing, we all understand how important this issue is[17]. That is why it is important to ensure public safety in our country, prevent crimes. The main goal was to strengthen law and order and legality in our country, to ensure the peace and tranquility of the population through the formation of a comprehensive system of combating crime, the establishment of effective activities of internal affairs bodies from the lowest level to the republic level, and the introduction of modern working methods.

To achieve this goal:

a) solving the problems related to the prevention of crimes and the fight against crime by identifying and eliminating the causes of crime in each neighborhood, family, and individual segment;

b) based on the crime situation in the regions, classify each district, city and neighborhood into categories and attract all the necessary forces and means to eliminate "crime hotspots" in cooperation with hokims, sectors and the public;

v) implementation of integrated management and continuous control mechanisms on the basis of the "republic - region - district - neighborhood" system, effective coordination of the activities of internal affairs and other state bodies to ensure public safety;

g) it is provided by implementing completely new mechanisms, such as creating a modern image of internal affairs body employees, increasing their responsibility and professional potential, forming the necessary skills to fight against new forms of crime, and achieving full digitization of the field [18]. It should be noted that

today, on the basis of the base points of the internal affairs bodies, neighborhood law enforcement centers are gradually established, their main tasks are clearly defined, and the normative legal document regulating their activities is approved[19], and in each neighborhood, "civil", It serves to ensure peace and stability in the entire territory of our country by creating an opportunity to effectively coordinate the activities of all the forces and means involved in working on the basis of the -oilabayl and -mahallabayl system.

The concept of public safety in the Republic of Uzbekistan, the strategy for the development of the public safety system in the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2022-2025 in order to ensure the effective implementation of this concept, as well as the approval of the road map for its implementation in 2022 in a single document in this field, including the implementation of priority tasks, directions and complex measures for the strict continuation of reforms in the crime prevention system, which is his priority, based on the principle of "serving the interests of the people" and the new development strategy of Uzbekistan[20].

It should be noted that, as noted in the scientific and practical research on the reforms carried out in the system of internal affairs bodies, which is the main subject of public safety, as well as in the field of crime prevention, in the years of independence, a national system of crime prevention was formed in Uzbekistan, which has its own moral, organizational, legal, methodological have the foundations, and today it is required to further improve them[21]. Therefore, it is envisaged to implement these tasks effectively and systematically through six directions, that is, the development of legal, methodological, scientific, organizational foundations, forms and methods of ensuring public safety, as well as complex systematic measures for digitization of this activity[22]. Studies show that even today there are more than 200 different normative documents that regulate relationships and powers in the field of public order, crime prevention, road safety, and probation, and some of their norms and rules are outdated, there are gaps and conflicts.

In accordance with the strategy, further improvement of the system of ensuring safety in transport and tourism facilities, development and adoption of draft laws defining the tasks and functions of state bodies and service-providing entities in this direction, and regulating the rules for conducting public events are provided, of course, ensuring public safety, its priority legal regulation of the prevention of



violations serves to eliminate gaps and conflicts in the field. It is worth noting that the early priority given to social preventive measures in order to maintain public order and security, crime prevention, as well as increase the efficiency of crime fighting activities of the internal affairs bodies serves to turn it into a pro-people system[23].

Conclusion

In conclusion, it should be noted that this process, firstly, based on the needs of society and being faithful to our national values, and secondly, on the basis of the reforms implemented in society, completely new procedures, forms and methods, mechanisms introduced in the field of ensuring public safety, in particular, crime prevention, thirdly, it requires the advanced experience of developed countries in this field, and fourthly, it requires that it be implemented taking into account the standards and requirements set by international law on ensuring the rights, freedoms and interests of people, especially minors.

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