

## THE EFFECT OF REFORMS IMPLEMENTED IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

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It is difficult for us to imagine our life without water, because the main part of our existence depends on water. Water is the most important source of life for every living thing on earth. That is why our nation has always paid serious attention to the wise use of water resources and its preservation.

Developing sustainable practices for efficient water use and distribution is critical to the future economic and social development of all countries. Especially for the Republic of Uzbekistan, which is located in difficult climatic conditions, the issue of saving water has always been of urgent importance.

It is no coincidence that the third direction of the strategy adopted by the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on September 11, 2023 "On the Strategy of Uzbekistan 2030" is related to saving water resources and environmental protection.

During the visit of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev to Surkhandarya region on November 16-17, the first stage of the drinking water project was launched. At this stage, the supply of drinking water to the population reached the districts of Sariosia, Denov, Shorchi and Kumkurgan from the "Topalang" reservoir. In the first stage, residents of 10 neighborhoods in Kumkurgan district will be provided with drinking water. The level of provision of centralized drinking water to the population of the region was brought to 70%. 8.6 million kwh of electricity is reformed due to water flow.

The salt farms were also grateful for the visit of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Surkhandarya region. The first stage of the project of supplying drinking water from the Topalang reservoir was launched. During the implementation of this project, a 10,000 m<sup>3</sup> drinking water storage and distribution facility was built in Shorchi district. As a result, a total of 16,154 households and 98,545 residents in 7 neighborhoods named after "Khayrabod", "Navroz", "Ibn Sino", "Babur", "Koklam", "Dostlik" and Alisher Navoi were provided with drinking water through the collective water reservoir.



During the implementation of this project, a 20,000 m<sup>3</sup> potable water storage and distribution facility was built in Denov district. As a result, residents of 10 neighborhoods - Babur, Jami, Baharistan, Orikzor, Ibn Sina, Nurli Manzil, Boginav, Sufi Olloyar, New Life, and Istiqlal neighborhoods were provided with drinking water.

In the second phase of the project, the level of centralized drinking water supply will reach 90 percent. Water will be supplied to about 2 million people in Sariosia, Denov, Shorchi and Kumkurgan, Jarkurgan, Bandikhon, Kyziriq, Sherabad, Angor Muzrobod, Termiz district and Termiz city. This project is planned to be completed in 2024.

Access to clean drinking water is one of the basic human rights. Careful management of water resources is the key to sustainable development for future generations. The state of water supply of the population is one of the most important indicators of population settlements and their standard of living. As the main consumer of piped drinking water, the population plays a more important role in the process of water conservation. The more we save and use without waste, the more we contribute to meeting the water needs of future generations.