

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF LINGUISTIC STUDY IN OUR LIFE

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Linguistics is very broad branch of language learning and it always attracts language learners with its peculiar features. The more you learn linguistics the more knowledge which is in reality important to your life you get and as a result of this you show more interest for the linguistics. This work explains why it is crucial to learn linguistics while you are learning a foreign language. And in my opinion it will be really beneficial for readers. There are several questions to answer. Firstly, let's answer the question "What is linguistics?". Simply put, linguistics is the study of language, how it works, how it is acquired, and how people use it to communicate. Although linguists are often interested in and can speak a variety of languages, linguists know more about how language works, rather than having the ability to speak and understand multiple languages. A polyglot is a person who speaks a multitude of languages. So, if linguistics doesn't teach you particular languages, why study it? Linguistics helps us understand our world. Every language is like a one-of-a-kind species. It captures unique conceptualizations of the world and has its own ways of constructing words, phrases and sentences for communicating ideas. As we compare the words and structures of various languages, we come to a greater understanding of the world we live in. Apart from simply understanding the intricacies of world languages, this knowledge can be applied to improving communication between people, contributing to translation activities, assisting in literacy efforts, and treating speech disorders. And, of course, linguistics training is also valuable for studying and learning languages. Linguistics helps us empower people. Because language captures how we perceive the world around us and how we relate to one another, it defines who we are. Our first language, or the "mother tongue" we grow up with, is the one we use to express what is in our hearts; it is our heart language. Many minority-language communities are marginalized because of their cultural background, or because their heart language is not the language of power. As a result, thousands of minority-language communities do not have access to education in a language they can understand. They become trapped in a cycle of poverty and discrimination simply because they are not part of the majority language and culture.



The plight of minority-language communities is changing as a growing number of organizations are coming alongside such people groups. Language development is the series of ongoing planned actions that a language community takes to ensure its language continues to serve its changing social, cultural, political, economic and spiritual needs and goals.

Every language is unique. It has its own manner of building words, phrases, and sentences to communicate concepts, and it captures unique world conceptualizations. We gain a better grasp of the world we live in by comparing the vocabulary and structures of different languages. Apart from merely comprehending the complexities of world languages, this information can be utilized to improving interpersonal communication, assisting in literacy efforts, and treating speech disorders. Linguistics training is also beneficial for studying and acquiring languages.

Language defines who we are because it captures our perceptions of the world and our relationships with one another. We utilize our original language, or "mother tongue," to express what is in our hearts; it is our heart language. Because their heart language is not the language of power, many minority-language communities are marginalized. As a result, tens of thousands of minority-language populations are unable to get education in their own tongue. They become locked in a cycle of poverty and discrimination simply because they do not speak or understand the dominant language and culture.

As a rising number of organizations join forces with minority-language communities, the condition of these people groups is changing. A linguistic community's continual intentional measures to guarantee that its language continues to fulfill its changing social, cultural, political, economic, and spiritual requirements and aspirations is known as language development.

We utilize speech every day—all it takes is one croaky cough to appreciate our ability to communicate. Learning how words are produced (phonetics) or how sentences are structured (syntax) are the first stages in understanding why we say certain things (semantics). Humans are complex organisms, and studying about how we communicate, from writing to speaking to even how we sound, can help us gain a better understanding of ourselves.



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